Unit 3 Linear Equations
Day 8 Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities

Name: $\qquad$
Date: $\qquad$ Hour: $\qquad$
(PH 3-6)
Recall that the absolute value of a number is its distance from zero on a number line.


## Review:

1. $|7|=$
2. $|-9|=$
3. $|0|=$
4. $-|2|=$

Since absolute value represents distance, it can never be negative.

$$
\text { Solve: } \quad|x|=3
$$



The two solutions of the equation are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .

Example 1: Solve and check.
a. $|x|-3=5$
b. $4=3|w|-2$
c. $|3 c-6|=9$
d. $|5 x-1|=14$

Example 2: Is there a solution to the equation $2|n|=-15$ ? Explain.

