Unit 2 Linear Functions
Day 2 Notes Rates of Change - Slope

Name: $\qquad$
Date: $\qquad$ Hour: $\qquad$

What is slope? The slope of a line can have many meanings. The steepness of a hill can be described by slope, which is the ratio of the vertical rise to the

$$
\text { slope }=\frac{\text { rise } \downarrow}{\text { run } \rightarrow}
$$ horizontal run.



Example 1: Plot the line containing the given point with slope $m$.
A. $(2,-1) ; m=\frac{2}{3}$
B. $(1,3) ; m=4$
C. $(-3,-2) ; m=-\frac{1}{4}$




Example 2: Find the slope of the given line. Does the line have positive or negative slope?
A. $\quad$ Slope $=$
B. Slope $=$
C. Slope $=$




Example 3: For the data in the chart, is the rate of change for each pair of consecutive days the same?


What does the rate of change represent?

The slope of a line is its rate of change.

$$
\text { slope }=\text { rate of change }=\frac{\text { change in the dependent var iable }}{\text { change in the independent var iable }}=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}
$$

SLOPE FORMULA: Given two points on a line $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$, the slope $m$ is the ratio:

$$
m=\frac{\operatorname{rise} \uparrow}{\operatorname{run} \rightarrow}=\frac{y_{2}-y_{1}}{x_{2}-x_{1}}
$$

Example 4: Find the slope of the line passing through the given points.
A. $(3,5),(2,7)$
B. $(-4,-5),(-9,1)$
C. $(-2,-3),(-2,6)$
D. $(-5,-3),(4,-3)$

