Geometry Unit 1 Transformations
Day 13: Dilation Homework

Name:
Date: $\qquad$ Hour: $\qquad$
Part A:
State whether a dilation using the scale factor $k$ results in a reduction or an enlargement of the original figure.

1. $k=3$
2. $k=\frac{1}{3}$
3. $k=\frac{5}{4}$
4. $k=0.93$
$A$ and $B$ are the endpoints of $\overline{A B}$. Complete the coordinates of $C$ and $D$, the endpoints of the image after a dilation of scale factor $\boldsymbol{k}$.
5. $A(1,1), B(3,1), k=2$
$(x, y) \rightarrow(2 x, 2 y)$
$A(1,1) \rightarrow C($ $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ ) $B(3,1) \rightarrow D($
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ )
6. $A(4,4), B(8,12), k=\frac{3}{4}$
$(x, y) \rightarrow\left(\frac{3}{4} x, \frac{3}{4} y\right)$
$A(4,4) \rightarrow C($ $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ ) $B(8,12) \rightarrow D($ $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ _)
7. $A(0,0), B(-3,2), k=5$

$$
(x, y) \rightarrow(5 x, 5 y)
$$

$$
A(0,0) \rightarrow C
$$

$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ ) $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
Part B. Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given. Write the ordered pairs.

1) dilation of 2

2) dilation of 1.5

3) dilation of 2

4) dilation of 0.5

5) dilation of $\frac{1}{2}$

6) dilation of 4


Determine whether the dilation from Figure A to Figure B is a reduction or an enlargement. Then find its scale factor.
23.

$k=$ $\qquad$
24.

$k=$ $\qquad$
25.

$k=$ $\qquad$

