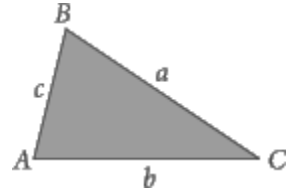


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**Theorem 9-1: Area of a Triangle (SAS)**

The area of a triangle is one half the product of the lengths of two sides and the sine of the included angle.

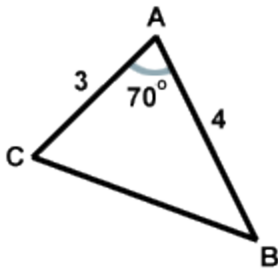
$$\text{Area of } \triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2}bc(\sin A)$$



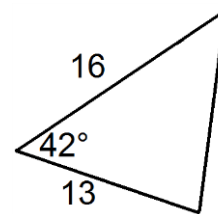
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**Example 1:** Find the area of each triangle.

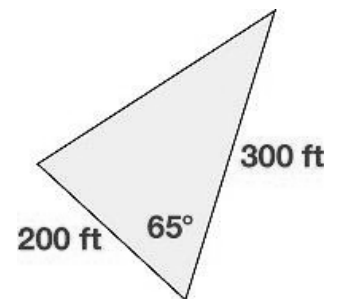
a.



b.



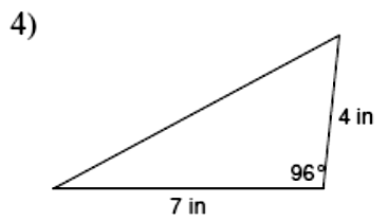
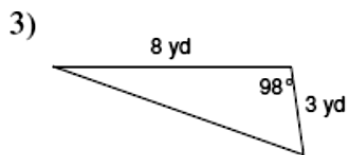
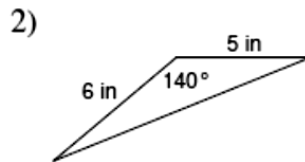
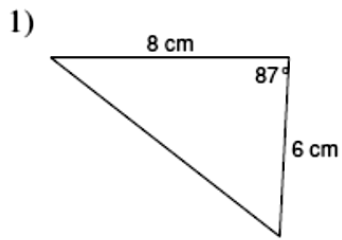
**Example 2:** A triangular park has two sides that measure 200 ft and 300 ft and form a  $65^\circ$  angle. Find the area of the park to the nearest hundred square feet.



Unit 5: Right Triangle Trigonometry  
Day 13 KUTA Worksheet  
(PH 9-5)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

Find the area of each figure. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.



5) A triangle with two sides that measure 6 yd and 2 yd with an included angle of  $10^\circ$ .

6) A triangle with two sides that measure 6 m and 8 m with an included angle of  $137^\circ$ .

7) A triangle with two sides that measure 5 cm and 8 cm with an included angle of  $39^\circ$ .

8) A triangle with two sides that measure 8 ft and 7 ft with an included angle of  $30^\circ$ .