Unit 4 Exponential Functions
Day 13 Notes Operations With Radicals

Name
Date
$\qquad$ (Add, Subtract, and Multiply) PH 11-4

Warm-Up: Simplify each radical.

a. $\sqrt{12} \cdot \sqrt{5}$
b. $\sqrt{x^{4} y^{9}}$

Like radicals have the same radicand. For example, $4 \sqrt{7}$ and $-12 \sqrt{7}$ are like radicals, but $3 \sqrt{11}$ and $2 \sqrt{5}$ are unlike radicals. You can combine like radicals to simplify sums and differences.

Example 1: Simplify each expression.
a. $\sqrt{2}+3 \sqrt{2}$
b. $-3 \sqrt{5}-4 \sqrt{5}$
c. $\sqrt{10}-5 \sqrt{10}$

Example 2: Simplify each expression.
a. $7 \sqrt{3}-\sqrt{12}$
b. $3 \sqrt{20}+2 \sqrt{7}$
c. $3 \sqrt{3}-2 \sqrt{27}$

Example 3: Use the distributive property to simplify each radical expression.

$$
\text { a. } \sqrt{5}(2+\sqrt{10})
$$

b. $\sqrt{2 x}(\sqrt{6 x}-11)$
c. $\sqrt{5 a}(\sqrt{5 a}+3)$

